

The Ultimate Guide to Buying a Pre-Construction Home



Buying a pre-construction home is an exciting opportunity for homeowners and investors alike. It allows you to secure a brand-new property at today's prices while benefiting from potential appreciation by the time the home is built. However, purchasing a home that has not yet been constructed comes with its own set of challenges and considerations. In this guide, we'll walk you through the essential steps to ensure a successful purchase.



Step 1: Understand What a Pre-Construction Home Is

A pre-construction home is a property that is sold before it is built. Buyers purchase based on floor plans, builder renderings, and model homes. These homes are typically part of a larger development project, such as condominiums, townhouses, or detached homes in a new community.

Pros of Buying Pre-Construction

- Potential price appreciation before completion
- Customization options (floor plans, finishes, appliances)
- Lower maintenance costs (brand-new materials and warranties)
- Incentives from builders (discounts, upgrades, or flexible deposit structures)

Step 2: Research the Builder and Development

Not all builders are created equal. Some have a strong reputation for delivering high-quality homes on time, while others may have a history of delays or issues.

How to Research a Builder:

- Check online reviews and testimonials
- Visit past projects and assess build quality
- Verify the builder's track record with local real estate boards
- Read online forums or social media discussions
- Check if the builder is registered with a home warranty program Additionally, research the location of the development. Consider Future growth potential of the area. Visiting multiple show homes can provide

insight into different craftsmanship and layouts.





Step 3: Compare Floor Plans & Standard Features

Once you've shortlisted builders, compare their available floor plans and included features.

Key Considerations:

- Room Sizes and Layout Flow: Ensure the design meets your lifestyle needs.
- Open vs. Closed-Concept Designs: Decide which layout suits your preferences.
- **Number of Bedrooms and Bathrooms:** Consider current and future requirements.
- **Kitchen Size and Storage Options:** Evaluate functionality and space.
- **Standard Features vs. Optional Upgrades:** Identify what is included and what costs extra.

Request spec sheets from each builder to see what's included in the base price and what comes as an upgrade.

Step 4: Choose Your Builder & Secure a Lot

After comparing options, select the builder and community that best fit your needs.

Steps to Secure a Lot:

- **Select an Available Lot:** Choose a lot within the development that suits your preferences.
- Place a Lot Hold: Some builders require a deposit to hold the lot.
- Review Available Floor Plans: Finalize your choice based on the lot and design preferences.

Be aware that certain lots may come with premiums (e.g., corner lots, larger yards), so factor that into your budget.





Step 5: Customize Your Home & Select Upgrades

One of the significant advantages of buying pre-construction is the ability to personalize your home.

Customization Options May Include:

- Flooring Materials: Choose between laminate, vinyl plank, carpet, etc.
- **Cabinetry & Countertops:** Select styles and materials that match your taste.
- **Lighting Fixtures & Electrical Upgrades:** Enhance functionality and aesthetics.
- Exterior Finishes & Colors: Decide on the home's outward appearance.
- Smart Home Features & Energy-Efficient Upgrades: Incorporate modern technology and sustainability features.

Upgrades can add value but also increase costs, so prioritize what matters most to you.

Step 6: Review the Purchase Agreement Carefully

Once your selections are finalized, the builder will present a purchase agreement. This legally binding contract outlines:

Key Clauses to Watch For:

- **Cooling-off period:** Allows you to cancel within a certain timeframe (varies by location)
- Occupancy dates: Estimated completion dates and possible delays
- **Hidden costs:** Development charges, utility hook-up fees, assignment fees
- Assignment clause: The ability to sell the contract before closing (if needed)





- **Warranty coverage:** Ensure the home is covered by a builder warranty (e.g., Tarion in Canada)
- **Purchase Price and Deposit Structure:** Understand the total cost and payment schedule.
- Closing Date & Potential Delays: Be aware of the timeline and possible postponements.
- **Standard Features and Upgrades:** Ensure all agreed-upon features are documented.

Important Conditions to Include:

- Lawyer Review Condition: Have a real estate lawyer review the contract for any hidden clauses.
- **Escalation Clause Check:** Some builders include clauses allowing price increases due to rising material costs; ensure you understand the terms.

Step 7: Understand the Pricing and Payment Structure

Pre-construction homes are sold with a structured payment plan, usually requiring a deposit over time rather than a full upfront payment.

Common Payment Structure:

- Initial Deposit: 5%-10% upon signing
- Staggered Payments: Additional 10%-15% spread over months or years
- Final Payment: The remaining balance upon closing

Additional Costs to Consider:

- Development fees and closing costs
- Property taxes and land transfer taxes
- Mortgage rates (may change by completion time)
- Interim occupancy fees (for condos before official closing)





Step 8: Plan for Delays and Market Fluctuations

Construction timelines are rarely set in stone. Delays due to permits, labor shortages, or supply chain issues are common.

How to Prepare for Delays:

- Keep a flexible move-in timeline
- Budget for possible rental or temporary housing
- Ensure your mortgage pre-approval is valid for an extended period

Additionally, market conditions can change by the time your home is completed. Be mindful of interest rate changes and real estate trends that could affect your financing.

Step 9: Possession Date

When signing the contract, the builder provides a targeted possession date. However, the actual date can be earlier or later, influenced by factors like material availability or weather conditions. Most builders provide a firm possession date 45-60 days before the actual possession.

Additional Considerations:

Name Changes on Possession Date: Some builders allow changes to the purchaser's name on the contract at possession, but this depends on the terms outlined in the contract.

Builder's Contract Requirements: Most builders require the offer to purchase to be written on their specific contract forms.





Step 10: Secure Financing and Close the Deal

As your pre-construction home nears completion, you'll need to finalize your mortgage and prepare for closing.

Steps to Finalize Your Purchase:

- Get mortgage approval closer to completion
- Conduct a pre-delivery inspection (PDI)
- Review all final costs and legal documents
- Pay the final balance on closing day

Buying a pre-construction home can be a fantastic investment and a chance to own a brand-new property tailored to your preferences. Navigating the pre-construction home-buying process can be complex. It's advantageous to work with a realtor who is not affiliated with single Builder.

As a full-time Realtor, I work closely with all major builders in Winnipeg, West st Paul, Headingley, Stony Mountain, Selkirk & Surroundings. This means I can help you:

- Get the best price on your dream home
- Secure exclusive discounts and upgrades
- Navigate the new home buying process with ease

List or buy with me and get your lawyer fees covered! Let's chat about your dream home and get you the best deal possible!